Бесконтактный захват

XT661

Ø 20 ~ 100, □120, □150

Предназначен для бесконтактной транспортировки изделий с неровной, запыленной или липкой поверхностью, хрупких, пористых, не допускающих следов контакта или проницаемых компонентов

- Существуют два типа бесконтактных вакуумных захватов, различающихся по принципу действия:
 - **вихревой тип**. Подъемное усилие до 44 H создается путем тангенциальной закрутки вдуваемого воздуха, за счет использования вихревого эффекта Ранке
 - захват на принципе Бернулли. Подъемное усилие до 17 Н.
 Вибрация перемещаемых изделий не превышает ±0.01 мм
- Захватывает детали на расстоянии до 10 мм от поверхности
- Исключена возможность повреждения изделия, возникающая при использовании традиционных контактных транспортных систем
- Разделяет тонкие изделия из пористых материалов
- Захват незаменим при подъеме и перемещении запыленных предметов, где стандартные вакуумные присоски быстро выходят из строя
- Смазка не требуется. Возможна разборка и очистка
- Вихревой захват имеет низкопрофильное исполнение толщиной 1.8 мм и исполнение с датчиком наличия детали



Номер для заказа



	2A	4A	6A	8A	10A
Наружный диаметр корпуса (мм)	20	40	60	80	100
Присоединительная резьба	M5				Rc1/8
Среда	Воздух	, класс чи	стоты ISC	8573-1 4.4	4.2
Рабочее давление (МПа)	0.01 ~	0.5			
Испытательное давление (МПа)	0.75				
Температура рабочей и окружающей среды (°C)	-5 ~ 60 ¹⁾ (при низких температурах использовать сухой воздух)				
Смазка	Обезжиренное исполнение				
Материал корпуса	A2017				
Вес (г)	12.5	49	114	206	310

Низкопрофильный вихревой захват



	2A	3A	
Наружный диаметр корпуса (мм)	20	25	
Присоединительная резьба	Ø1.6		
Среда	Воздух, класс чистоть	ISO8573-1 4.4.2	
Рабочее давление (МПа)	0.01 ~ 0.5		
Испытательное давление (МПа)	0.75		
Температура рабочей и окружающей среды (°C)	-5 ~ 40 ¹⁾ (при низких температурах использовать сухой воздух)		
Смазка	Обезжиренное исполнение		
Материал корпуса	A2017		
Вес (г)	1.33	2.13	

^{*} При установке захвата используйте клей

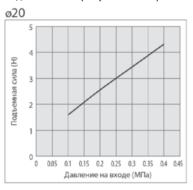
20vnov Formivanu		Наружный диаметр к			
Захват Бернулли	4C	39 мм		-	
	6C	59 мм			
	8C	79 мм	- 4		
	10A	99 мм		10000	
XT66	1 - 1	C - X32	(322 Принадле		
• Типоразмеј			Α	В	
120E 120 мм] H	ЭТ С напр	авляющими	С регулировочным болтом	
150E 150 MM			8 8		

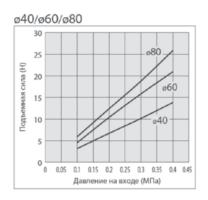
	4C	6C	8C	10C	120E	150E
Наружный размер корпуса (мм)	Ø39	Ø59	Ø79	Ø99	□120	□150
Присоединительная резьба	M5			Rc1/8		
Среда	Воздух, класс чистоты ISO8573-1 4.4.2			2		
Рабочее давление (МПа)	0.01 ~ 0.4					
Испытательное давление (МПа)	0.6					
Температура рабочей и окружающей среды (°C)	-5 ~ 40 ¹⁾ (при низких температурах использовать сухой воздух)					
Смазка	Обезжиренное исполнение					
Материал корпуса	PBT					
Вес (г)	26	55	108	170	260	410

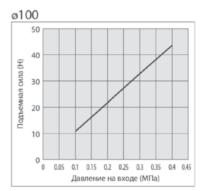


Номер для заказа

Подъемная сила (вихревой захват)

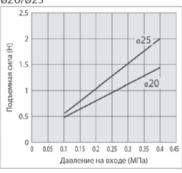






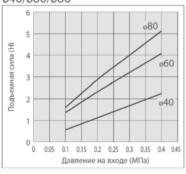
Подъемная сила (низкопрофильный вихревой захват)

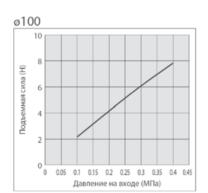


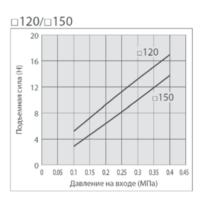


Подъемная сила (захват Бернулли)

ø40/ø60/ø80







Регулируемый стопор

(заказывается отдельно)



Регулирует зазор между объектом и захватом. Предотвращает механический контакт объекта и захвата.

Номер для заказа	Диапазон регулировки (мм)	Установочная резьба
MXQ-A627	5	M5
MXQ-A627-X11	15	
MXQ-A827	5	M6
MXQ-A827-X11	15	
MXQ-A827-X12	25	
MXQ-A1227	5	M8 x 1
MXQ-A1227-X11	15	
MXQ-A1227-X12	25	
MXQ-A1627	5	M10 x 1
MXQ-A1627-X11	15	
MXQ-A1627-X12	25	
MXQ-A2027	5	M12 x 1.25
MXQ-A2027-X11	15	
MXQ-A2027-X12	25	
MXQ-A2527	5	M14 x 1.5
MXQ-A2527-X11	15	
MXQ-A2527-X12	25	

Рекомендации по установке бесконтактных захватов:

- Для более точного позиционирования и предотвращения поперечного смещения захватываемого объекта рекомендуется использовать направляющие
- При подъеме детали в некоторых случаях возможен кратковременный механический контакт объекта и захвата. Чтобы обеспечить гарантированный зазор между объектом и захватом следует устанавливать внешние стопоры.
- При использовании одиночного вихревого захвата перемещаемое изделие может начать вращаться в направлении вихревого потока. Данная проблема также решается установкой направляющих.

При использовании нескольких захватов для перемещения одного изделия следует выбирать одинаковое количество захватов с противоположным направлением вращения вихря (исполнения R и L).

Бесконтактный вихревой захват

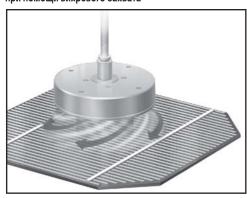
XT661

Ø 20 ~ 100

Предназначен для бесконтактной транспортировки изделий с неровной, запыленной или липкой поверхностью, хрупких, пористых и проницаемых компонентов

- 5 типоразмеров с подъемной силой до 35 Н
- Исключает возможность повреждения изделия, возникающую при использовании традиционных контактных транспортных систем
- Разделяет тонкие изделия из пористых материалов
- Незаменим при работе в запыленных условиях когда применение стандартных вакуумных систем становится невозможным
- Не требует смазки

Перемещение элемента солнечной батареи при помощи вихревого захвата



Примеры применения



Изделия со сквозными отверстиями Подложка







Принцип действия



Захват представляет собой плоский диск с резьбовым отверстием для подвода сжатого воздуха. На втором торце диска выполнено кольцевое поднутрение, в которое через четыре сопла малого диаметра тангенциально (по касательной) подается сжатый воздух

Выходящий из сопел воздух образует вихревой поток. Внутри кольцевой зоны создается разрежение, снаружи небольшое избыточное давление (по закону сохранения момента количества движения; аналогия - циклон). Выходящий наружу воздух отталкивает объект от поверхности диска. противодействуя касанию.

Таким образом возникает динамическое равновесие и перемещаемый объект парит вблизи поверхности захвата

Распределение давления для разных исполнений ХТ661 показано справа

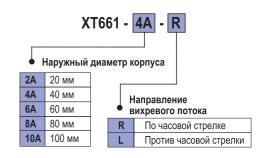


Технические характеристики

Наружный диаметр корпуса (мм)	20	40	60	80	100
Присоединительная резьба	M5			Rc1/8	
Среда	Воздух, кл	тасс чистоть	ISO8573-1	4.4.2	
Рабочее давление (МПа)	0.01 ~ 0.5	1			
Испытательное давление (МПа)	0.75				
Номинальный расход воздуха при 0.4 МПа (норм.л/мин.)	85	145	170	200	240
Температура рабочей и окружающей среды (?C)	-5 ~ 60 ¹⁾				
Смазка	Не требуе	тся	•		

¹⁾ При низких температурах использовать сухой воздух

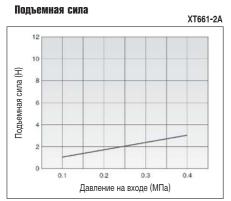
Номер для заказа

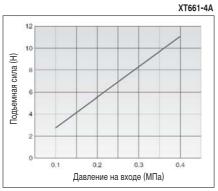


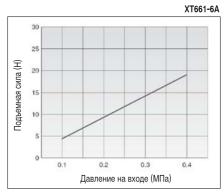


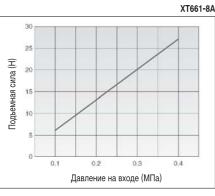
Бесконтактный вихревой захват **XT661**

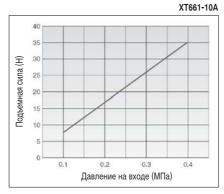
Технические характеристики





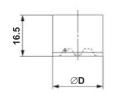






Размеры





	Р	PL	М	ML	С	D
XT661-2A-R(L)	M5	5	M2	3.2	-	20
XT661-4A-R(L)			M4	5	32.8	40
XT661-6A-R(L)					47	60
XT661-8A-R(L)	Rc 1/8	-				80
XT661-10A-R(L)		-				100



Пример установки направляющих Направляющая Изделие

Рекомендации по установке бесконтактных захватов

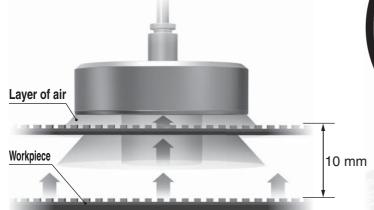
- 1. Для более точного позиционирования и предотвращения поперечного смещения захватываемого объекта рекомендуется использовать направляющие
- 2. При подъеме детали в некоторых случаях возможен кратковременный механический контакт объекта и захвата. Чтобы обеспечить гарантированный зазор между объектом и захватом следует устанавливать направляющие
- 3. При использовании одиночного захвата перемещаемое изделие может начать вращаться в направлении вихревого потока. Данная проблема также решается установкой направляющих. При использовании нескольких захватов для перемещения одного изделия следует выбирать одинаковое количество захватов с противоположным направлением вращения вихря (исполнения R и L)

Non-contact Gripper

Assist in non-contact workpiece transfer.

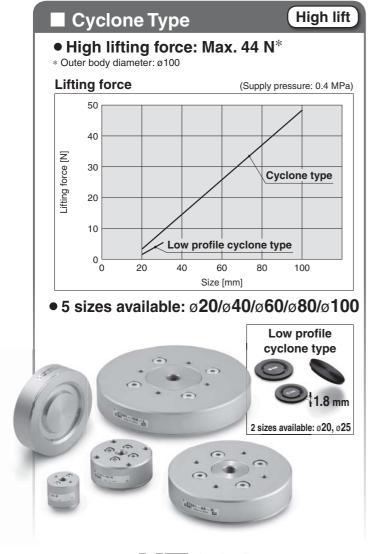
Max workpiece suction distance: 10 mm*

* Refer to "Lifting Force-Distance from the Workpiece" on pages 11 to 13.

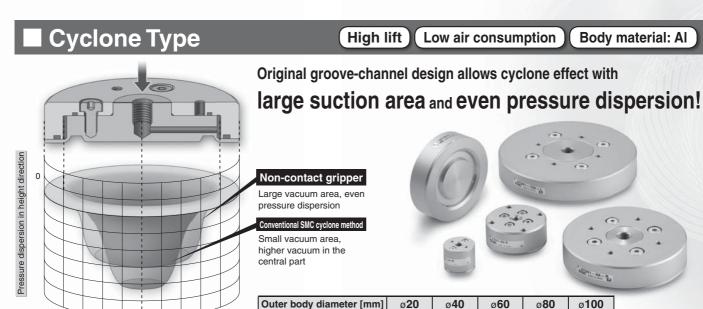


Since there is a layer of air between the workpiece and gripper, non-contact suction is possible.

Two types are available.



Bernoulli Type Vibration reducing Amplitude of the workpiece during Non-contact gripper gripping: ±0.01 mm*or less * Solar battery silicon cell $(\Box 125 \text{ mm}, t = 250 \mu\text{m})$ * In SMC conditions (How to calculate: Page 3) (Solar battery silicon cell) **Vibration** (Supply pressure: 0.1 MPa) 0.4 0.3 ±0.01 mm or less 0.2 [mm] 0.1 Amplitude 0 -0.1 -0.2 -0.3 -0.4 -0.5 Time [sec.] ● 6 sizes available: Ø40/Ø60/Ø80/Ø100/ □120/□150 12-EU605-UK



Air consumption [L/min (ANR)]

Lifting force [N]

26 Supply pressure: 0.4 MPa

148

258

44



n

Pressure dispersion in diameter direction

Cyclone Type

148

148

14

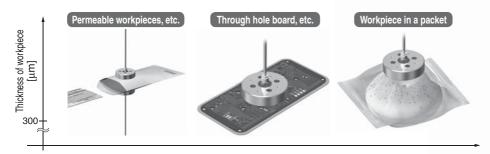
77

4.3

Air from the supply port is blown off from the nozzle on the concave suction surface side, creating a whirlwind flow. The whirlwind flow is discharged to the atmosphere from the gap between the non-contact gripper and the workpiece.

As a result, a vacuum zone is created inside the spiral flow due to the cyclone effect, enabling the workpiece to be lifted without physical contact. The action of the centrifugal force of the spiral flow allows a greater lifting force to be generated.

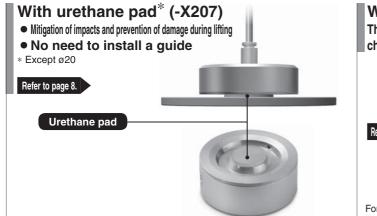
Various workpiece suction methods are available.

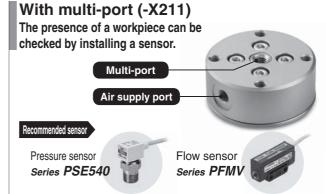


Grease-free

The inside can be disassembled and cleaned.

Made to Order





For the method of selecting and using a sensor, refer to the operation manual.

Low Profile Cyclone Type (-X260)

Low profile

Made to Order

Thickness: 1.8 mm Weight: Approx. 1.3 g*

* Outer body diameter: ø20



Outer body diameter [mm]	ø 20	ø 25
Air consumption [L/min (ANR)]	31	31
Lifting force [N]	1.4	2

Supply pressure: 0.4 MPa

• Can be mounted on the end of a robot arm.



Mounting

Apply adhesive to the surface on the air supply port side of the non-contact gripper, and mount the gripper on the equipment.

(Be careful that the adhesive does not obstruct the air supply port.)

■ Bernoulli Type

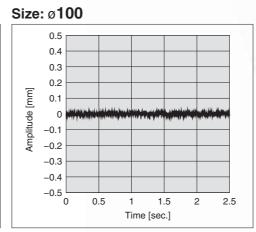
Vibration reducing type

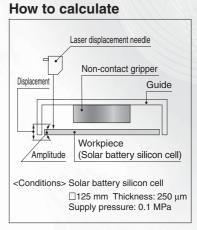
Body material: Resin

Original groove-channel design allows the Bernoulli effect with

suppressing the amplitude of the workpiece during gripping!

Reduced amplitude of the workpiece







Time [sec.]



Outer body diameter [mm]	ø 40	ø 60	ø 80	ø 100	□120	□150
Air consumption [L/min (ANR)]	98	98	98	156	291	291
Lifting force [N]	2.2	4.1	5.1	7.8	17	14

Supply pressure: 0.4 MPa

Working Principle Air is discharged radially. Supply port Workpiece

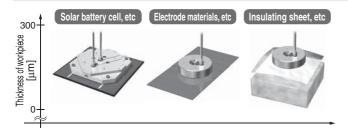
Bernoulli Type

Air from the supply port is blown off radially from the nozzle on the convex suction surface side.

The radial flow is discharged to the atmosphere from the gap between the non-contact gripper and the workpiece, and the air between the non-contact gripper and the workpiece is pulled in the peripheral direction. As a result, a vacuum zone is generated in the centre, enabling the workpiece to be lifted without physical contact.

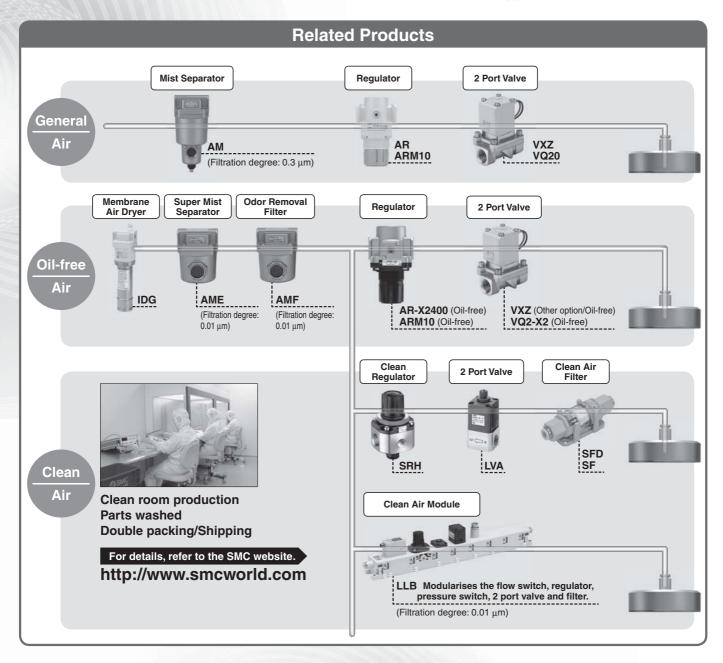
Also, the original groove-channel design allows the air to be discharged radially, thus suppressing ripples caused by pulsations and whirlwind flow, and enabling the amplitude of the workpiece to be minimised.

• Various workpiece suction methods are available.



- Reduction of rotation load * No directionality of whirlwind air
- Standardization of multi-port* * Except Ø40
- Grease-free
- The inside can be disassembled and cleaned .

Non-contact Gripper Series XT661





Series XT661 Model Selection

Selection Procedure

1 Check the workpiece and operating conditions.

- 1) Check the kind of workpiece and also its size and weight.
- 2) Check the guide corresponding to the transfer method of the workpiece and "Selection" (Page 7). At the same time, check the distance between the workpiece to be set and the non-contact gripper.
- 3) Check the supply pressure applied to the non-contact gripper.

2 Check the lifting force.

1) Clarify the lifting force corresponding to the distance between the workpiece and the non-contact gripper for each supply pressure.

<How to read the graph>

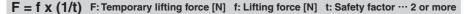
Example: For the case of "Cyclone type ø60," a supply pressure of 0.2 MPa, a workpiece mass of 50 g (0.49 N), and a 1 mm distance between the workpiece and the non-contact gripper

<Checking procedure>

From the "Cyclone type ø60" graph, check the lifting force from the intersection of a 1 mm distance between the workpiece and non-contact gripper and a supply pressure of 0.2 MPa. Then, extend a horizontal line from this point to the vertical axis to obtain the lifting force.

2) Multiply the final lifting force by a safety factor and decide the temporary lifting force. Obtain the temporary lifting force by using the following equation. (Note: The

temporary lifting force is the lifting force that has been set after taking into account the safety factor used for selecting a non-contact gripper.)



3) Compare the final lifting force and workpiece mass, and determine the size and number of non-contact grippers such that **the temporary lifting force** ≥ **workpiece mass**.

<Checking procedure>

If the temporary lifting force ≥ workpiece mass, the gripper can be used under these conditions.

If the temporary lifting force < workpiece mass, either increase the size of the non-contact gripper, or increase the number of grippers to be used.

Obtain the required number of grippers from the following equation.

 $N = (9.8 \text{ x W/1000})/(1/F) \cdots \frac{\text{Rounding up to the nearest higher integer}}{\text{nearest higher integer}} \text{ N: Q'ty [pcs.]} \text{ W: Workpiece mass [g]} \text{ F: Temporary lifting force [N]} 9.8: Gravitational acceleration [m/s^2]}$

3 Determine the layout of the non-contact grippers.

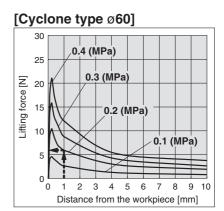
<Checking procedure>

Determine the positions of the non-contact grippers according to the number of grippers to be used, taking into account the balance of the workpiece.

If the balance of the workpiece is poor during lifting, either increase the size of the non-contact gripper, or increase the number of grippers to be used.

* The above shows selection procedures for general non-contact grippers; thus, they will not be applicable for all grippers.

Customers are required to conduct a test on their own and to select the size of the non-contact grippers and the non-contact grippers to be used based on the test results.



Selection Examples of Non-contact Gripper

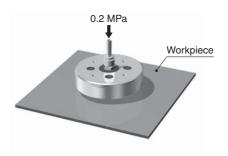
Selection example 1 For small workpiece

Workpiece size: □100 x Plate thickness 3 mm

• Workpiece mass: 300 g

Distance from the workpiece: 1 mm

• Supply pressure: 0.2 MPa



(1) Check the workpiece and operating conditions.

1) Workpiece size: 100 x Plate thickness 3 mm Workpiece mass: 300 g

2) Guide: On the top of the workpiece by means of an external stopper Distance from the workpiece: 1 mm

3) Supply pressure: 0.2 MPa

(2) Check the lifting force.

1) From the graph (lifting force-distance from the workpiece), check the lifting force at a supply pressure of 0.2 MPa and a 1 mm distance between the workpiece and the non-contact gripper for each size

XT661-2A: 0.8 N XT661-4A: 3.8 N XT661-6A: 5.9 N XT661-8A: 7.5 N XT661-10A: 14.4 N

2) Calculate the temporary lifting force using a safety factor of 2.

XT661-2A: F = f x (1/t) = 0.8 x (1/2) = 0.4 N XT661-4A: F = f x (1/t) = 3.8 x (1/2) = 0.9 N**XT661-6A**: $F = f \times (1/t) = 5.9 \times (1/2) = 2.95 N$ XT661-8A: F = f x (1/t) = 7.5 x (1/2) = 3.75 N **XT661-10A**: $F = f \times (1/t) = 14.4 \times (1/2) = 7.2 \text{ N}$

3) Confirm the relationship "temporary lifting force ≥ workpiece

Convert the workpiece mass [g] into a force [N].

300 g \rightarrow 300 x 9.8/1000 = 2.94 N

For a workpiece mass of 300 g (2.94 N)

XT661-8A: Temporary lifting force 3.75 N ≥ Workpiece mass 300 g (2.94 N) XT661-10A: Temporary lifting force 7.2 N ≥ Workpiece mass 300 g (2.94 N)

In this case, the relationship "temporary lifting force ≥ workpiece mass" is obtained.

For this workpiece, select the XT661-8A.

The number of grippers to be used is one.

(3) Determine the layout of the non-contact grippers.

1) Install the grippers at the centre of gravity (centre) of the workpiece, and confirm that there is no problem with the balance of the workpiece during lifting.

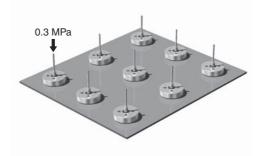
Selection example 2 For large workpiece

• Workpiece size: 2200 x 2500 x 0.7 mm

Workpiece mass: 9.7 kg

• Distance from the workpiece: 0.8 mm

Supply pressure: 0.3 MPa



(1) Check the workpiece and operating conditions.

1) Workpiece size: 2200 x 2500 x 0.7 mm

Workpiece mass: 9700 g

2) Guide: On the end of the workpiece

Distance from the workpiece: 0.8 mm

3) Supply pressure: 0.3 MPa

(2) Check the lifting force.

1) From the graph (lifting force-distance from the workpiece), check the lifting force at a supply pressure of 0.3 MPa and a 0.8 mm distance between the workpiece and the non-contact gripper for each size.

XT661-10A: 22.4 N

2) Calculate the temporary lifting force using a safety factor of 2.

XT661-10A: F = f x (1/t) = 22.4 x (1/2) = 11.2 N

3) Confirm the relationship "temporary lifting force ≥ workpiece

Convert the workpiece mass [g] into a force [N].

9700 g \rightarrow 9700 x 9.8/1000 = 95.06 N

XT661-10A: Temporary lifting force 11.2 N < Workpiece mass 9700 g (95.06 N)

In this case, the relationship "temporarily lifting force ≥ workpiece mass" is not obtained, so multiple grippers must be used. Obtain the number of grippers to be used from the following equation.

$N = (9.8 \times W/1000)/(1/F) = (9.8 \times 9700/1000)/(1/11.2) = 9$

··· Rounding up to the nearest higher integer

For this workpiece, select the XT661-10A.

The number of grippers to be used is nine.

(3) Determine the layout of the non-contact grippers.

- 1) Adequately take into account the centre of gravity and deflection of the workpiece, and then install nine non-contact grippers for a well-balanced hold.
 - (* If a deflection occurs, the lifting force will decrease.)

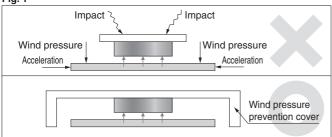


Selection

Acceleration/Wind pressure/Impact

When transferring the workpiece, take into account not only the workpiece mass, but also acceleration, wind pressure and impact as well. (Refer to Fig. 1.) Particular care must be taken in the case of a flat plate that has a large area. It is necessary to adopt measures such as the installation of a wind pressure prevention cover. Also, even if the relationship **temporary lifting force ≥ workpiece mass** is adequate, select a larger size that provides a degree of margin. The stability of the lift with respect to acceleration, wind pressure and impact generally increases in proportional to the diameter.

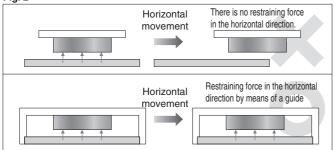
Fig. 1



Horizontal force

A non-contact gripper does not produce a restraining force that prevents horizontal movement of the workpiece. It is necessary to install a guide at the end of the workpiece. (Refer to Fig. 2.)

Fig. 2



Size of the non-contact gripper and workpiece

Use a non-contact gripper that has an area of less than that of the workpiece. If the area of the gripper is greater than that of the workpiece, a vacuum zone will not occur, so a lifting force will not be generated. (Refer to Fig. 3.)

Fig. 3



Balance of the workpiece

Install the non-contact gripper at a position such that a moment is not created from the workpiece. (Refer to Fig. 4.) Also, when lifting a flat plate that has a large area with multiple non-contact grippers, install the grippers in such a way that they are well balanced with respect to the workpiece mass. (Refer to Fig. 5.)

Fia. 4

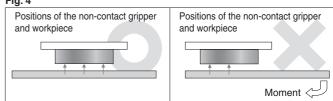
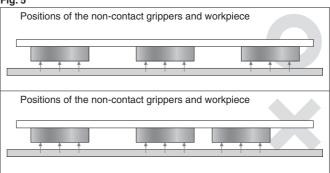


Fig. 5



Mounting orientation

The basic mounting direction of the gripper is horizontal. If the gripper is mounted obliquely or vertically, it must also install a guide and use an adequate safety factor (2 or more).

Precautions for Each Kind of Workpiece

Workpiece with holes

Depending on the size and distribution of the hole, it may be impossible to lift the workpiece. To ensure that the workpiece is lifted, the total area of the holes versus the suction area (aperture ratio) must be 1% or less. However, the lifting force will be reduced, so it is necessary to use an appropriate supply pressure and an adequate safety factor.

Workpiece that has concave/convex surfaces

Depending on the size of the concave/convex surfaces, it may be impossible to lift the workpiece. It is necessary to use an appropriate supply pressure and an adequate safety factor according to the workpiece mass.

Thin workpiece

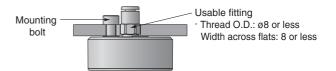
If the supply pressure is higher than the necessary value, the workpiece may be deformed or damaged due to the lifting force. There is also a possibility of the workpiece vibrating. To prevent this, do not set the supply pressure higher than necessary.

Soft workpiece

As soft workpieces are easy to deform, there is a tendency for the workpiece to touch the bottom of the non-contact gripper. Please be aware that the workpiece may touch the gripper before using.

Other Precautions

Regarding the **XT661-2A**, there is a limit to the size of the fitting for the supply port that can be used. Use a fitting whose connection thread O.D. is ø8 or less and whose width across flats is 8 or less. If greater sizes than these are used, the fitting may interfere with the head of the mounting bolt.





When using a non-contact gripper, install a guide as well.

Provide a guide in accordance with the applications and/or configuration of a workpiece with reference to the following installation examples.

Reasons for installing a guide

■Holding a workpiece

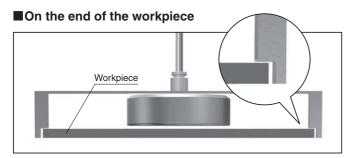
A non-contact gripper does not produce a restraining force that prevents horizontal movement of the workpiece.

Install a guide at the end of the workpiece in order to hold the workpiece.

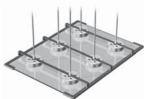
■Preventing physical contact

Depending on the operating conditions, the workpiece may touch the gripper. To prevent such contact, install a guide that maintains a certain distance between the gripper and the workpiece.

Installation examples

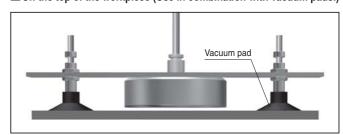


By installing a guide at the end of the workpiece, the contact area can be kept as small as possible.



When using multiple non-contact grippers

■ On the top of the workpiece (Use in combination with vacuum pads.)

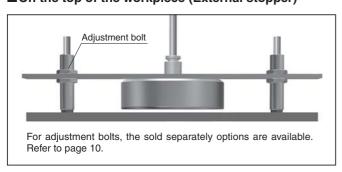


Determine the position of the workpiece using vacuum pads. When transferring the workpiece, use a gripper as well.

This ensures contact with the workpiece to be minimised during transferring.



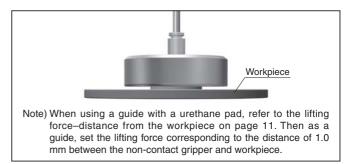
■On the top of the workpiece (External stopper)



The adjustment bolts make the distance between the non-contact gripper and workpiece adjustable.

The guide comes with a bumper to ensure the impact to be minimised and also prevent a damage during lifting the workpiece.

■With urethane pad



Use the gripper in a contacted condition by means of a urethane pad. This will eliminate the need for a guide.



Non-contact Gripper Series XT661

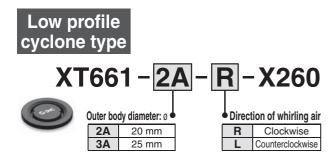
How to Order

Cyclone type Outer body diameter: 0 2A 20 mm 4A 40 mm 6A 60 mm 8A 80 mm 10A 100 mm Direction of whirling air R Clockwise L Counterclockwise

Specifications

	2A	4A	6A	8A	10A
Outer body diameter [mm]	ø20	ø40	ø60	ø80	ø100
Piping port size		M5 x 0.8		Rc	1/8
Fluid	Air*				
Operating pressure	0.01 to 0.5 MPa				
Proof pressure	0.75 MPa				
Ambient and operating temperature	-5 to 60°C (no freezing)				
Grease	Grease-free				
Body material	A2017				
Weight [g]	12.5	49	114	206	310

* Air purification rating: JIS B 8392-1 (ISO8573-1) Quality Degree 4, 4, 2 or more



	2A	3A	
Outer body diameter [mm]	ø20	ø25	
Piping port size	ø1	.6	
Fluid	Ai	r*	
Operating pressure	0.01 to 0.5 MPa		
Proof pressure	0.75 MPa		
Ambient and operating temperature	−5 to 40°C (no freezing)		
Grease	Grease-free		
Body material	A2017		
Weight [g]	1.33	2.13	

- * Use adhesive to mount the gripper.
- * Air purification rating: JIS B 8392-1 (ISO8573-1) Quality Degree 4, 4, 2 or more

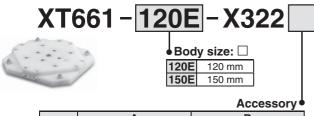
Bernoulli type

XT661-4C-X321



Outer body diameter: g				
4C	39 mm			
6C	59 mm			
8C	79 mm			
10C	99 mm			

Bernoulli type



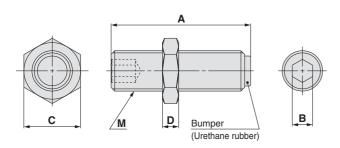
		Accessory •
_	Α	В
	Guide assembly	Adjustment bolt assembly
None	9 9	

	4C	6C	8C	10C	120E	150E	
Outer body diameter [mm]	m] ø39 ø59 ø79		ø99	□120	□150		
Piping port size	M5 x 0.8 Rc 1/8						
Fluid		Air*					
Operating pressure	e 0.01 to 0.4 MPa						
Proof pressure				MPa			
Ambient and operating temperature		−5 t	o 40°C (no freez	ing)		
Grease	Grease-free						
Body material	PBT						
Weight [g]	26 55 108 170 260				260	410	

^{*} Air purification rating: JIS B 8392-1 (ISO8573-1) Quality Degree 4, 4, 2 or more

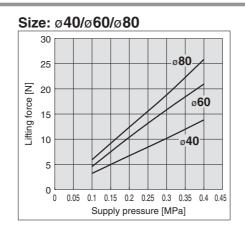


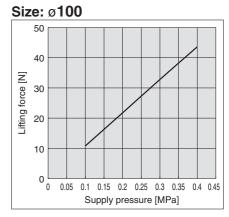
Sold Separately Options: External Stopper (Order Separately)



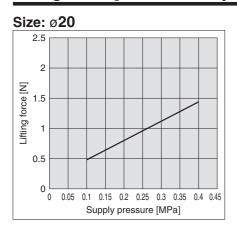
Model	Adjustment range [mm]	Α	В	С	D	M	
MXQ-A627	5	16.5	2.5	7	3	M5 x 0.8	
MXQ-A627-X11	15	26.5	2.5	_ ′	٦		
MXQ-A827	5	16.5					
MXQ-A827-X11	15	26.5	3	8	3.5	M6 x 1	
MXQ-A827-X12	25	36.5					
MXQ-A1227	5	20					
MXQ-A1227-X11	15	30	4	12	4	M8 x 1	
MXQ-A1227-X12	25	40					
MXQ-A1627	5	24.5					
MXQ-A1627-X11	15	34.5	5	14	4	M10 x 1	
MXQ-A1627-X12	25	44.5					
MXQ-A2027	5	27.5					
MXQ-A2027-X11	15	37.5	6	17	5	M12 x 1.25	
MXQ-A2027-X12	25	47.5					
MXQ-A2527	5	32.5					
MXQ-A2527-X11	15	42.5	6	19	6	M14 x 1.5	
MXQ-A2527-X12	25	52.5					

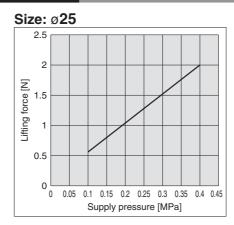
Lifting Force [Cyclone Type]





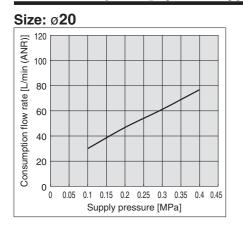
Lifting Force [Low Profile Cyclone Type]

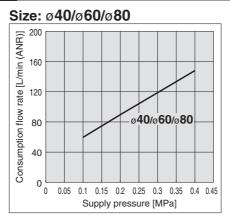


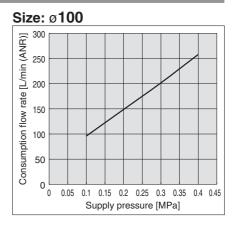


Series XT661

Air Consumption [Cyclone Type]

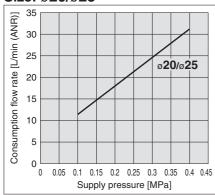






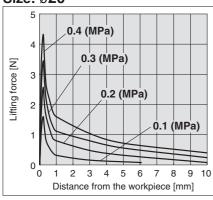
Air Consumption [Low Profile Cyclone Type]



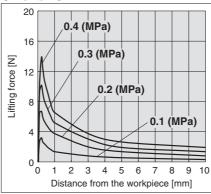


Lifting Force-Distance from the Workpiece [Cyclone Type]

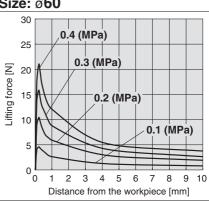




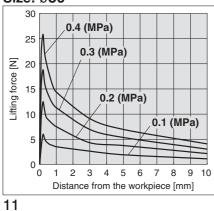




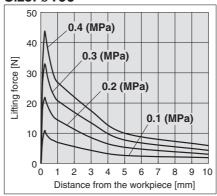
Size: Ø60



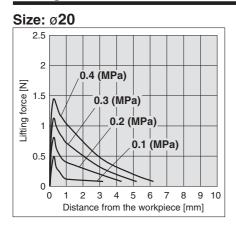
Size: Ø80

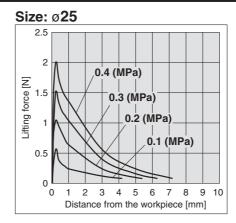


Size: Ø100



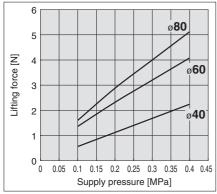
Lifting Force-Distance from the Workpiece [Low Profile Cyclone Type]



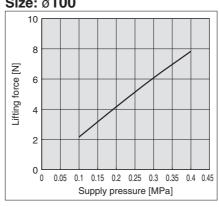


Lifting Force [Bernoulli Type]

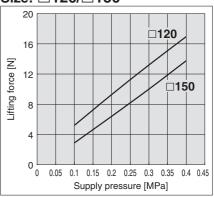
Size: Ø40/Ø60/Ø80





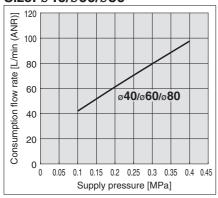


Size: □120/□150

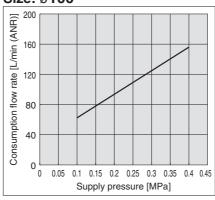


Air Consumption [Bernoulli Type]

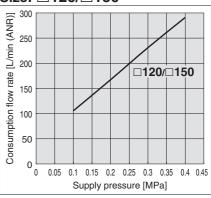
Size: Ø40/Ø60/Ø80



Size: Ø100

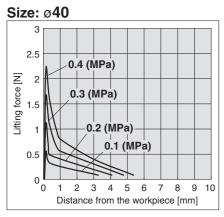


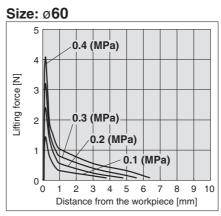
Size: □120/□150

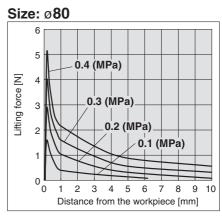


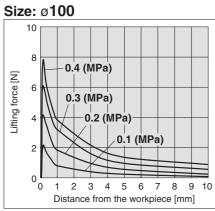
Series XT661

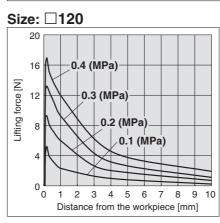
Lifting Force-Distance from the Workpiece [Bernoulli Type]

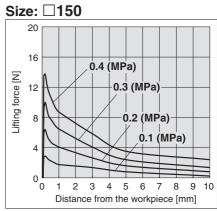




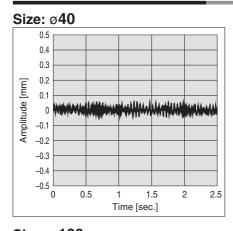


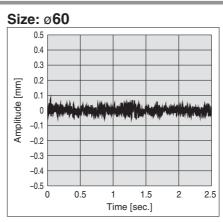


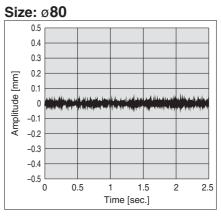


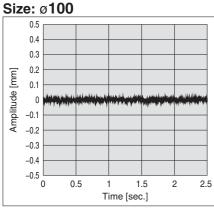


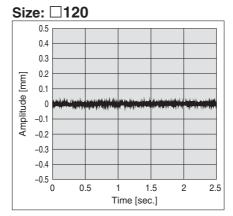
Vibration [Bernoulli Type] Supply pressure: 0.1 MPa

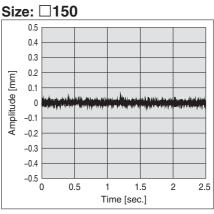










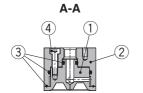


^{* 155} solar cell is used for this data only.



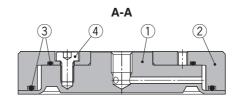
Construction [Cyclone Type]

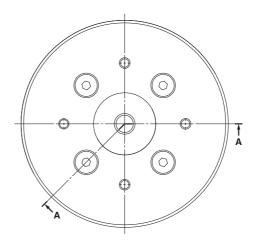
Size: Ø20





Size: Ø40, Ø60, Ø80, Ø100



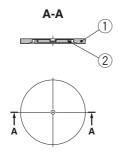


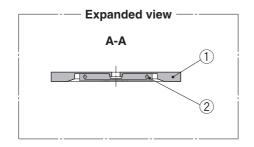
Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note						
1	Body (R, L)	Aluminium alloy (Hard anodised)							
2	Body M	Aluminium alloy (Hard anodised)	XT661-2A to 10A						
3	O-ring	NBR							
4	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Stainless steel							

Construction [Low Profile Cyclone Type]

Size: Ø20, Ø25





Component Parts

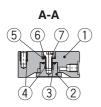
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body (R, L)	Aluminium alloy (Black hard anodised)	XT661-2A. 3A
2	Body M	Aluminium alloy (Black hard anodised)	X1001-2A, 3A



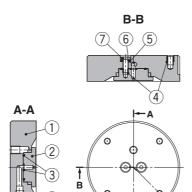
Series XT661

Construction [Bernoulli Type]

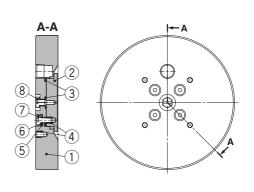
Size: Ø40 Size: Ø60

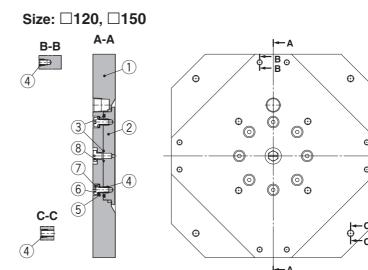


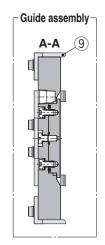


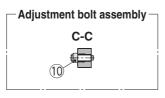


Size: Ø80, Ø100









Component Parts

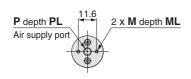
No.	Description	Material	Note			
1	Body A	PBT resin				
2	Body B	PBT resin				
3	O-ring	NBR				
4	Helical insert	Stainless steel				
5	Flat washer	Chromium molybdenum steel (Zinc chromated)	XT661-4C to 10C XT661-120E, 150E			
6	Spring washer	Chromium molybdenum steel (Zinc chromated)				
7	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Chromium molybdenum steel (Zinc chromated)				
8	Plug	Brass/NBR/Stainless steel	Except XT661-4C			
9	Guide assembly	POM/Chromium molybdenum steel (Zinc chromated)	Accessories for			
10	Adjustment bolt assembly	Polyurethane/Chromium molybdenum steel, mild steel (Zinc chromated)	XT661-120E, 150E			



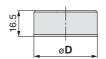
Dimensions [Cyclone Type]

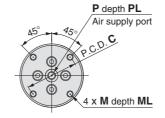
XT661-2A-(R, L)



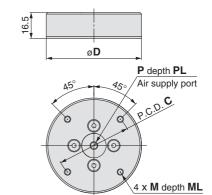


XT661-4A-(R, L)

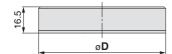


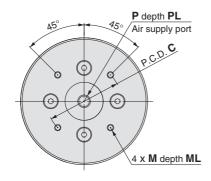


XT661-6A-(R, L)

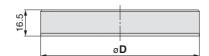


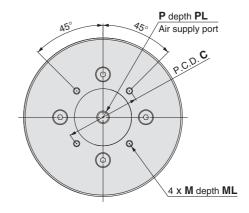
XT661-8A-(R, L)





XT661-10A-(R, L)

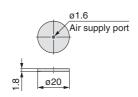




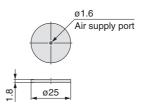
						firmin
Part no.	Р	PL	M	ML	С	D
XT661-2A-(R, L)	M5 x 0.8	5	M2 x 0.4	3.2	_	20
XT661-4A-(R, L)	M5 x 0.8	5	M4 x 0.7	5	32.8	40
XT661-6A-(R, L)	M5 x 0.8	5	M4 x 0.7	5	47	60
XT661-8A-(R, L)	Rc 1/8	_	M4 x 0.7	5	47	80
XT661-10A-(R. L)	Rc 1/8	_	M4 x 0.7	5	47	100

Dimensions [Low Profile Cyclone Type]

XT661-2A-(R, L)-X260



XT661-3A-(R, L)-X260

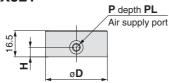


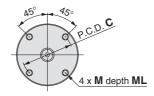


Series XT661

Dimensions [Bernoulli Type]

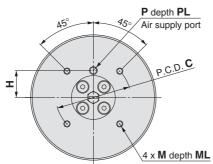
XT661-4C-X321





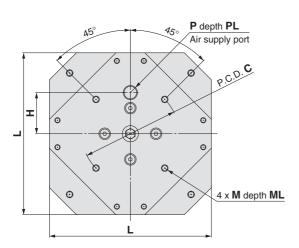
XT661-8C-X321





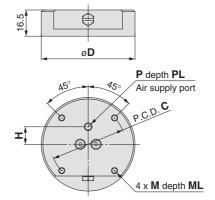
XT661-120E-X322



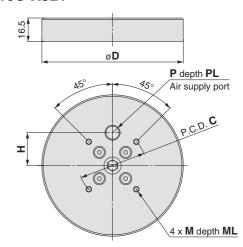


								[mm]
Part no.	Р	PL	M	ML	С	Н	D	L
XT661-4C-X321	M5 x 0.8	5	M4 x 0.7	8	32	6	39	_
XT661-6C-X321	M5 x 0.8	6	M4 x 0.7	6	47	11	59	_
XT661-8C-X321	M5 x 0.8	6	M4 x 0.7	6	47	17	79	_
XT661-10C-X321	Rc 1/8	_	M4 x 0.7	6	47	23	99	_
XT661-120E-X322	Rc 1/8	_	M5 x 0.8	7	72	30.5	_	120
XT661-150F-X322	Bc 1/8	_	M5 x 0.8	7	72	37.5		150

XT661-6C-X321

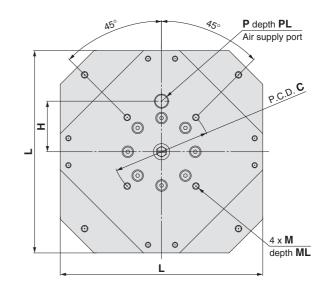


XT661-10C-X321



XT661-150E-X322

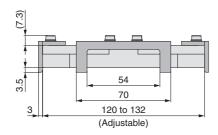


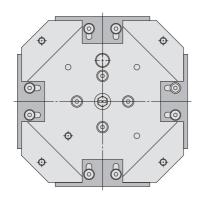


Dimensions [Bernoulli Type]

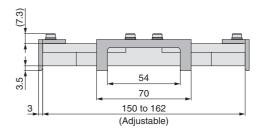
With guide assembly

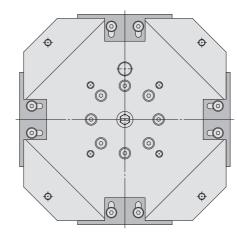
Size: **□120**





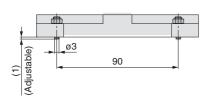
Size: **□150**

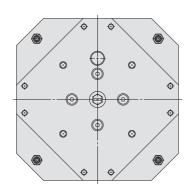




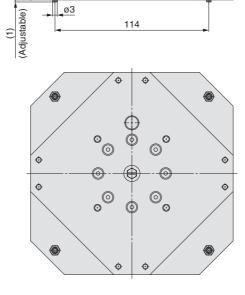
With adjustment bolt assembly

Size: **□120**





Size: **□150**





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