Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller (E UK





Thermo-chiller Standard Type

Air-cooled refrigeration



■ Power supply:

3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)

■ Set temperature range: 5 to 35 °C

Max. ambient temperature: 45 °C

■ Temperature stability: ±0.1 °C

With heating function

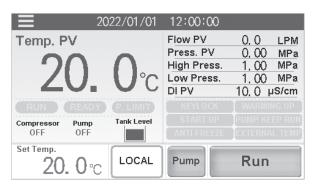
■ Immersion pump (Mechanical sealless)

■ Waterproof specification: IPX4

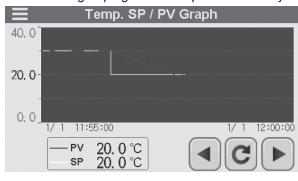


■ Touch panel, Improved usability and visibility (For details, refer to page 5.)

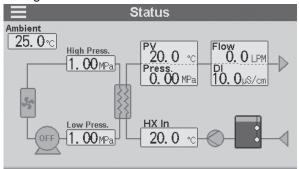
Home screen



• Graphical representation of the temperature allows for grasping of the temperature history.



· Chiller operation status can be monitored on a single screen.



 Display of alarm details allows for quick response.



HRS400 Series



Thermo-chiller Standard Type Air-cooled 460 V Type C € LK

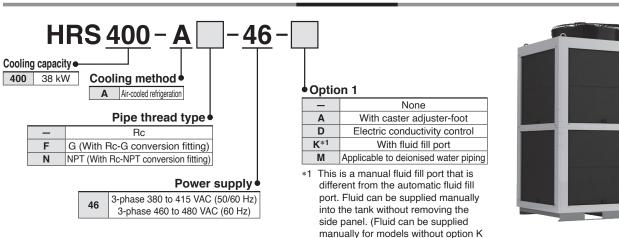
if the side panel is removed.)



HRS400 Series



How to Order



Specifications

Model			del		HRS400-A-46
Co	oling meth	od			Air-cooled refrigeration
Refrigerant					R410A (HFC)
				kg	3.7
Coi	ntrol meth	od			PID control
Am	bient temp	perature/	Altitude*1, 9, 11	°C	Temperature: -5 to 45, Altitude: less than 3000 m
	Circulatin	ng fluid*1	, 2		Tap water, 15 % Ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionised water
	Set tempe	erature ra	ange*1	°C	5 to 35
	Cooling of	apacity*	3, 9	kW	38
	Heating c	apacity*	4	kW	8
	Temperat	ure stabi	lity* ⁵	°C	±0.1
٦	Pump	Rated fl	ow (Outlet)*6	l/min	125 (0.45 MPa)
stel	capacity		m flow rate	l/min	180
sy	50/60 Hz	Maximu	m pump head	m	68
pir l	Suitable	oressure	range*7	MPa	0.1 to 0.68
Circulating fluid system	Minimum	operatin	g flow rate*8	l/min	40
ţi	Tank capa	acity		L	60
nla	Circulating	fluid outlet,	circulating fluid re	eturn port	Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)
i	Tank drai	n port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)
0	Automatic	Supply side pressure range MPa		MPa	0.2 to 0.5
	fluid fill			°C	5 to 35
	system	Automatic fluid fill port		rt	Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)
	(Standard)	7 Overnow port			Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)
	Fluid con	tact mate	erial	Metal	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze
Resin		Resin	PTFE, PU, FKM, EPDM, PVC, NBR, POM, PE, NR, PBT		
Power supply Applicable earth leakage breaker (Standard) Brated operating current* Applicable earth leakage breaker (Standard) Brated operating current* Applicable earth leakage breaker (Standard)			3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10 % (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±4 %, –10 % (Max. voltage less than 500 V and no continuous voltage fluctuation)		
ric	Applicable ea	rth leakage	Rated current	Α	40
ect	breaker (S	tandard)	Sensitivity of leak curre	nt mA	30
Rated operating current*5		Α	22		
Rated power consumption*5 kW(kVA)		kW(kVA)	14.3 (15.2)		
Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5 dB(A)			eight 1 m)*5	dB(A)	71
Waterproof specification			IPX4		
Acc	cessories				Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 1 pc. (English), Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A, Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including 6 M8 bolts)*10
We	Weight (dry state) kg		kg	Approx. 340	

- When the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10 °C or below, refer to "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid
- temperature" (page 15).
 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.
 Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-
 - 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution: Diluted with clean water, without any additives such as antisep-
- Deionised water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)

 ① Ambient temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20 °C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power
- Supply: 400 VAC

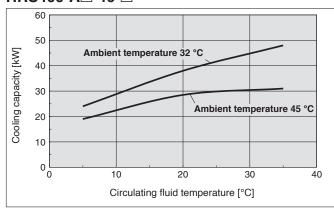
 1 Ambient temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid:
 Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow,
 4 Power supply: 400 VAC

 1 Ambient temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid:
- Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20 °C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 400 VAC, 7 Piping length: Shortest
- *6 The capacity at the thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20 °C
- With the pressure control mode by inverter. If the pressure control mode is not necessary, use the flow control function or the pump output setting function. Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity. If the
- actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass
- *9 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 14) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."
- *10 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including 6 M8 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is
- *11 For the product operation in the UL compliant conditions, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 14).



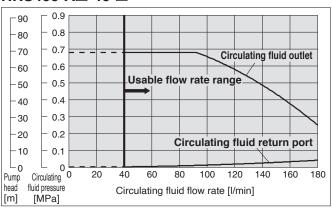
Cooling Capacity

HRS400-A□-46-□



Pump Capacity

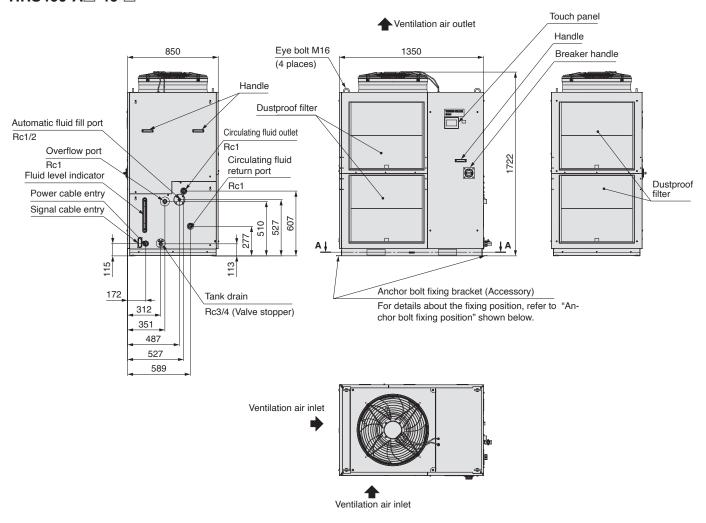
HRS400-A□-46-□



HRS400 Series Standard Type

Dimensions

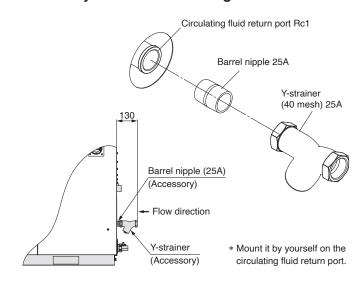
HRS400-A□-46-□



Anchor bolt fixing position

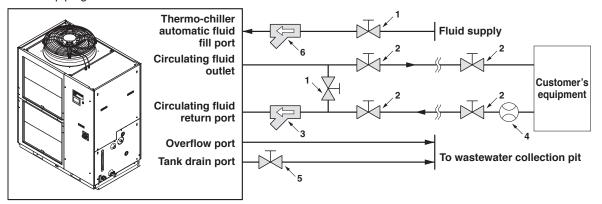
1416 (Dimension of anchor bolt fixing bracket) 1380 756 294 (wiguension) 1350 (Thermo-chiller dimension) 8 x Ø 12

Accessory: Y-strainer mounting view



Recommended External Piping Flow

External piping circuit is recommended as shown below.



* Ensure that the overflow port is connected to the wastewater collection pit in order to avoid damage to the tank of the thermo-chiller.

No.	Description	Size	Recommended part no.	Note	
1	Valve	Rc1/2	_	_	
2	Valve	Rc1	_	_	
3	Y-strainer	Rc1 #40	Accessory	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 µm or more are likely to enter, install the particle filter. For the recommended filter, refer to	
3	Filter	Rc1 20 μm	HRS-PF005*1	the optional accessory HRS-PF005 (page 11).	
4	Flow meter —		_	Prepare a flow meter with an appropriate flow range.	
5	Valve (Part of thermo-chiller)	Rc3/4	_	_	
6	Y-strainer	Rc1/2 #40	_	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 μ m or more	
0	Filter	Rc1/2 20 μm	_	are likely to enter, select and prepare a particle filter.	

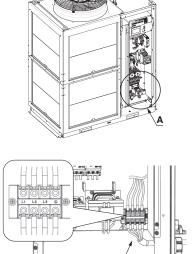
^{*1} The filter shown above cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the customer's piping system.

Cable Specifications

Power Cable Specifications

Rated value for thermo-chiller			Power cable examples		
Power supply	Applicable breaker rated current	Terminal block thread size	Cable size	Crimped terminal on the thermo-chiller side	
3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	40 A	M5	4 cores x 8 mm² (4 cores x AWG8) * Including grounding cable	R8-5	

* An example of the cable specifications is when two kinds of vinyl insulated wires with a continuous allowable operating temperature of 70 °C at 600 V, are used at an ambient temperature of 30 °C. Select the proper size of cable according to an actual condition.



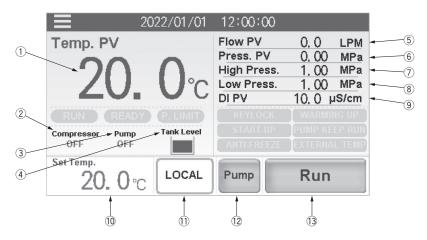
Partially enlarged view A



Power cable

Operation Display Panel

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



Home Screen and Setting Items

поше	ome Screen and Setting items					
No.	Classification	Item	Explanation			
1		Circulating fluid temperature	Indicates the current temperature			
2		Compressor	Displays the operation and stop state of the compressor			
3		Pump	Displays the operation and stop status of the pump			
4	Displayed value	Tank fluid level "Sufficient" "Low" "Insufficient Blue Yellow Red				
(5)		Circulating fluid flow rate	Indicates the fluid flow rate This value is not measured by a flow meter. It should be used as a reference value (rough indication).			
6		Circulating fluid discharge pressure	Indicates the discharge pressure			
7		Pressure gauge on the high-pressure side of the refrigeration circuit	Displays the pressure gauge on the high-pressure side of the refrigeration circuit			
8		Pressure gauge on the low-pressure side of the refrigeration circuit	Displays the pressure gauge on the low-pressure side of the refrigeration circuit			
9		Circulating fluid electric conductivity	Indicates the electric conductivity*1			
10		Circulating fluid set temperature	Indicates the current temperature			
11)	Button	Operation mode To select an operation mode from the touch panel (LOCAL mode), an operation mode contact input (DIO mode), or an operation mode from the serial communication (
12		Independent pump operation	Operates the pump independently while the button is pressed			
13		Run/Stop	To run/stop the product			

^{*1} When option "D" (Electric conductivity control) is purchased, a numerical value is displayed.

Alarm

This product may display the alarm messages shown in the table below.

Alarm code	Explanation	
AL01	Abnormally low tank fluid level	
AL02	Low tank fluid level	
AL06	Fan failure	
AL09	Abnormal rise of circulating fluid temperature	
AL10	Circulating fluid temperature rise	
AL11	Circulating fluid temperature drop	
AL12	TEMP READY alarm	
AL17	Abnormal rise in heat exchanger inlet temperature	
AL18	Failure of circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor	
AL19	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise	
AL20	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop	
AL28 (Option "D" only)	Electric conductivity increase	
AL29	Power supply failure	

Explanation	
Contact input 1 signal detection	
Contact input 2 signal detection	
Communication error	
Outside of the ambient temperature range	
Maintenance alarm	
Compressor circuit failure	
Sensor failure	
Controller failure	
Compressor inverter error	
Compressor inverter communication error	
Pump inverter error	
Pump inverter communication error	



Communication Functions

Contact Input/Output

Contact Input/Output, Analogue Output Communication Specifications

	Item	Specifications
	Insulation method	Photocoupler
Contact	Rated input voltage	24 VDC · Run/Stop signal
input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 to 26.4 VDC External switch signal
1, 2, 3 Rated input current Input impedance		5 mA TYP · Operation mode request signal (Contact input 3 fixed)
		4.7 kΩ
Contact	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less · Run status signal
utput signal	Maximum load current	800 mA AC/DC or less*1 · Alarm signal
, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Minimum load current	5 VDC 10 mA · TEMP READY signal, etc.
Analogue	Output voltage range	0 to +10 V
Analogue utput signal	Maximum output current	10 mA —
1, 2	Output accuracy	±0.4 % F.S. or less
Out	tput voltage	24 VDC ±10 % 200 mA MAX*1 (No inductive load)
Circ	cuit diagram	When using this product's power supply, connect pin 1 to pin 2 and the COM side of each contact input signal to pin 14. (Example 1) 24 VDC 4.7 KΩ 4.7 KΩ

^{*1} Make sure that the total load current is 800 mA or less. When using the power supply of this product, make sure that the total load current is 200 mA or less.

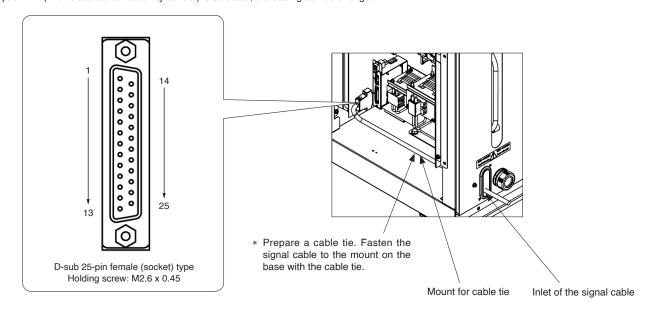
HRS400 Series Standard Type

Communication Functions

Contact Input/Output, Analogue Output Pin Nos.

	ot inpub output, Analoguo output i		
Pin no.	Application	Division	Default setting
1	24 VDC output	Output	_
2	24 VDC input		_
3	Contact input signal 1	Input	Run/Stop*1
4	Contact input signal 3	Input	Operation mode request signal (fixed)*2
5	Contact output signal 6	Output	OFF*1
6	Contact output signal 1	Output	Run status signal [N.O. type] (fixed)*2
7	Contact output signal 3	Output	Operation continuation "WRN" alarm signal [N.C. type] (fixed)*2
8	Contact output signal 5	Output	OFF*1
9	None	_	Cannot be connected*3
10	Analogue output signal 2	Output	Circulating fluid discharge temperature signal*4
11	Analogue output signal 1	Output	Circulating fluid discharge temperature signal*4
12	None	_	Cannot be connected*3
13	None	_	Cannot be connected*3
14	24 COM output (Common of contact input signal)	Output	_
15	Common of contact output signals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Output	_
16	Contact input signal 2	Input	External switch signal*1
17	None	_	Cannot be connected*3
18	Common of contact output signal 6	Output	_
19	Contact output signal 2	Output	Operation stop "FLT" alarm signal [N.C. type] (fixed)*2
20	Contact output signal 4	Output	OFF*1
21	None	_	Cannot be connected*3
22	Common of analogue output signal 2	Output	_
23	Common of analogue output signal 1	Output	_
24	None	_	Cannot be connected*3
25	None	_	Cannot be connected*3

- *1 It is possible to change the setting.
- *2 It is not possible to change the setting. ("N.O. type/N.C. type" can be changed.)
- *3 Do not connect wiring.
- *4 When option "D" (With electrical conductivity control) is selected, the setting can be changed.



Communication Functions

Serial Communication

The following operations can be performed by the serial communication RS-232C/RS-485.

----- Writing -----

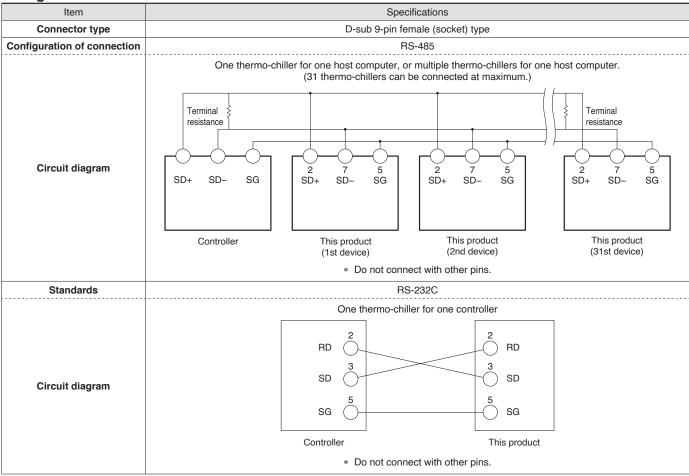
To run/stop the product
To change the set value of
circulating fluid temperature

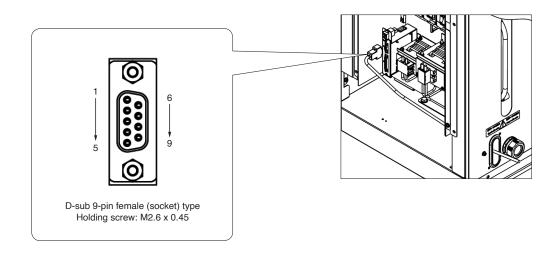
r------ Readout ------

To readout the circulating fluid temperature, pressure, flow rate and electrical conductivity*1 To readout the status of respective parts of the product (e.g., operation status and content of alarm)

*1 For Option D (With electric conductivity control)

Wiring of Interface Cable for Serial Communication





HRS400 Series Options

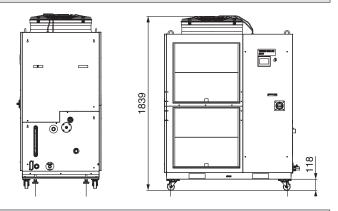
 Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-chiller.
 It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.



HRS400-A□-46-A

With caster adjuster-foot

Unfixed casters and adjuster feet stops are mounted



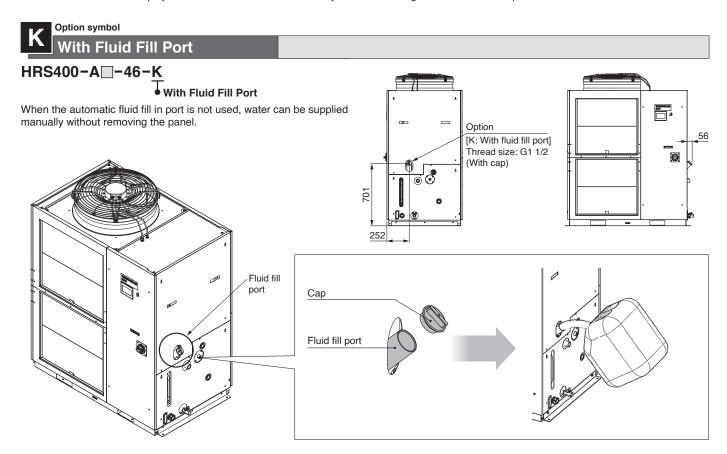
Option symbol

Electric Conductivity Control

HRS400-A□-46-D

Electric conductivity control

This set can be used to display and control the electric conductivity of the circulating fluid. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.





Deionised Water (Pure Water) Piping

HRS400-A = -46-M

Deionised water (Pure water) piping

The contact materials of the circulating fluid circuit are made from non-copper materials. Select this when using deionised water with a conductivity of 1 M Ω -cm or more (1 μ s/cm or less).

Applicable model	HRS400-A□-46-M		
Contact materials of	Stainless steel (including heat exchanger brazing), Alumina		
circulating fluid	ceramic, SiC, Carbon, PP, PE, POM, FKM, NBR, EPDM, PVC		



HRS400 Series Optional Accessories

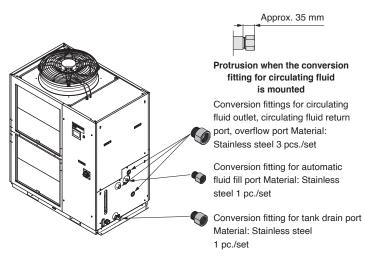
1 Piping Conversion Fitting

This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

- · Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port, Overflow port Rc1 → NPT1 or G1
- · Drain port Rc3/4 \rightarrow NPT3/4 or G3/4
- \cdot Automatic fluid fill port Rc1/2 \rightarrow NPT1/2 or G1/2

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in "How to Order" since it is included in the product.)

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP013	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS400-A□-46-□
HRS-EP014	G thread conversion fitting set	nn3400-A□-46-□



HRS-EP013, HRS-EP014

② Caster Adjuster-foot Kit

This is a set of unfixed casters and adjuster feet stop.

When installed by customer, it is necessary to lift the thermo-chiller by a forklift or sling work. Carefully read the procedure manual included with this kit before performing the installation.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-KS004	HRS400-A□-46-□



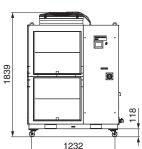
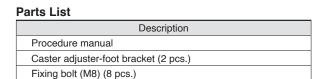
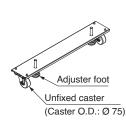
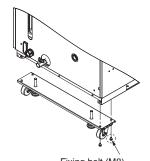


Fig. 1 Mounting view







Fixing bolt (M8)

Fig. 2 Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)

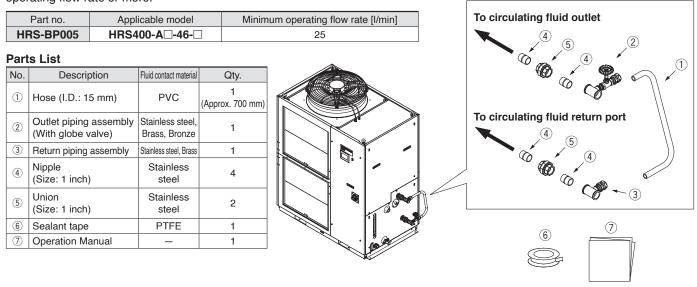
Fig. 3 Fixing bolt (8 pcs.)



HRS400 Series

3 Bypass Piping Set

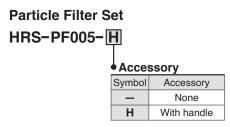
When the circulating fluid goes below the minimum operating flow rate (as shown below), cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. Use the bypass piping set to ensure a circulating fluid flow rate of the minimum operating flow rate or more.



4 Particle Filter Set

Replacement Element

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the customer's piping system. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.



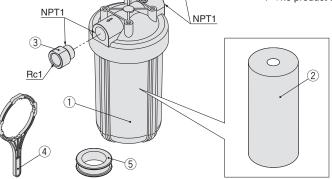
Fluid	Tap water
Max. operating pressure	0.65 MPa
Operating temperature range	5 to 35 °C
Nominal filtration accuracy	5 μm
Installation environment	Indoors

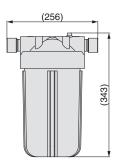
Parts List

No.	Description	Material	Qty.	Note
① Body		PC, PP	1	_
② Element*1		PP	1	_
3	Extension piece	Stainless steel	2	Conversion from NPT to Rc
4	Handle	_	1	When -H is selected
(5)	Sealant tape	PTFE	1	_

^{*1} The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

HRS-PF006 The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.





5 DI Filter Replacement Cartridge

DI filter cartridge for replacement for Option D [Electric conductivity control type]

DI Filter Replacement Cartridge

HRR-DF002



HRS400 Series **Cooling Capacity Calculation**

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the customer's equipment is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the customer's equipment.*1

1 Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 20 [kW]

Q = P = 20 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %, 20 [kW] x 1.2 = |24 [kW]

Q: Heat generation amount Customer's equipment V: Power supply voltage Power consumption

2 Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 20 [kVA]

 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

$$= 20 [kVA] \times 0.85 = 17 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,

3 Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) W: 13 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{13}{0.7}=18.6$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,

Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the customer's equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the customer's equipment.

Heat generation amount by customer's equipment Q: Unknown [W] ([J/s])

Circulating fluid : Tap water*1

Circulating fluid mass flow rate qm : $(= \rho \times qv \div 60) [kg/s]$

Circulating fluid density p : 1 [kg/L]

Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate qv : 70 [l/min]

Circulating fluid specific heat C : 4.186 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1 : 293 [K] (20 [°C]) Circulating fluid return temperature T2 : 297 [K] (24 [°C])

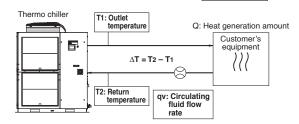
Circulating fluid temperature difference ΔT $: 4 [K] (= T_2 - T_1)$ Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units) : 60 [s/min]

*1 Refer to the next page for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

$$Q = qm \times C \times (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= \frac{\rho \times \text{qv} \times \text{C} \times \Delta \text{T}}{60} = \frac{1 \times 70 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 4.0}{60}$$
$$= 19535 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 19535 \text{ [W]} = 19.5 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,



Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat generation amount by customer's equipment \mathbf{Q} : Unknown [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]

Circulating fluid : Tap water*1

Circulating fluid weight flow rate **qm** : $(= \rho \times qv \times 60)$ [kgf/h] Circulating fluid weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L]

Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 70 [l/min] Circulating fluid specific heat C : 1.0 x 10³ [cal/(kgf·°C)]

Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1: 20 [°C]

Circulating fluid return temperature T2: 24 [°C]

Circulating fluid temperature difference ΔT : 4 [°C] (= $T_2 - T_1$)

Conversion factor: hours to minutes: 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{qm \times C \times (T_2 - T_1)}{860}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma \times qv \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{860}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,

^{*1} The examples above calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the customer's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) ${\bf Q}:$ Unknown [W] ([J/s]) Cooled substance : Water Cooled substance mass ${\bf m}$: (= ρ x ${\bf V}$) [kg] Cooled substance density ρ : 1 [kg/L] Cooled substance total volume ${\bf V}$: 300 [L]

Cooled substance specific heat **C** : 4.186 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)]
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins **To**: 305 [K] (32 [°C])

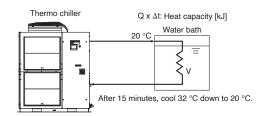
Cooled substance temperature after t hour T_t : 293 [K] (20 [°C])
Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 12 [K] (= $T_0 - T_t$)
Cooling time Δt : 900 [s] (= 15 [min])

* Refer to the following for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

Q =
$$\frac{\text{m x C x (T0 - Tt)}}{\Delta t} = \frac{\rho \text{ x V x C x } \Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

= $\frac{1 \text{ x 300 x 4.186 x 10}^3 \text{ x 12}}{900} = 16744 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 16.7 \text{ [kW]}$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %, 16.7 [kW] x 1.2 = 20 [kW]



Example of conventional un	its (Reference)				
Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time)	Q : Unknown [cal/h] → [W]				
Cooled substance	: Water				
Cooled substance weight m	: (= ρ x V) [kgf]				
Cooled substance weight volume ratio	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Cooled substance total volume V	,				
Cooled substance specific heat C					
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins					
Cooled substance temperature after t hour					
Cooling temperature difference ΔT					
Cooling time Δt	: 15 [min]				
Conversion factor: hours to minutes					
Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW	: 860 [(cal/h)/W]				
i	. 555 [(56), 11]				
$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\gamma \times V \times V}{\Delta t}$	60 x C x ΔT				
$Q = \frac{\Delta t \times 860}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta}$	t x 860				
1 x 300 x 60 x 1.0 x 10 ³ x 1	2				
= 15 x 860	<u>—</u>				
13 X 000					
≈ 16744 [W] = 16.7 [kW]					
Cooling capacity = Considering	a safety factor of 20 %				
16.7 [kW] x 1.2 = 20 [kW]					

This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only.
 Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation

1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the customer's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

2. Pump capacity

<Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the customer's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

<Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the customer's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

1. This catalogue uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity.

Density ρ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional units, weight volume ratio γ = 1 [kgf/L]) Specific heat **C**: 4.19 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional units, 1 x 10³ [cal/(kgf·°C)])

2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

Water

Physical property	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional units		
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]	
5 °C	1.00	4.2 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
10 °C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
15 °C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
20 °C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
25 °C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
30 °C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
35 °C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³	
40 °C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³	

15 % Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property Density ρ		Specific heat C	Conventional units		
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]	
5 °C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
10 °C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
15 °C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93×10^3	
20 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³	
25 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³	
30 °C	1.01	3.91×10^3	1.01	0.94×10^3	
35 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	
40 °C	1.01	3.92 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	

* Shown above are reference values. Contact circulating fluid supplier for



Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: https://www.smc.eu

Design

- This catalogue shows the specifications of a single unit.
 - Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalogue) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the customer's system and this unit.
 - 2) Although a protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the customer's operating conditions. Also, the customer is requested to carry out a safety design for the whole system.
- 2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

3. Use non-corrosive material for circulating fluid contact parts.

Using corrosive materials such as aluminium or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

Selection

⚠ Warning

Model selection

When selecting a thermo-chiller model, the amount of heat generation from the user's equipment must be known. Obtain this value, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 12 and 13 before selecting a model.

Handling

Thoroughly read the operation manual.

Read the operation manual completely before operation, and keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

⚠ Warning

- 1. Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.
 - In locations where water vapour, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
 - 2) In locations where there are dust and particles.
 - In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
 - 4) In locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the limits as mentioned below.

During transportation/storage: -15 °C to 50 °C (But as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

During operation: -5 °C to 45 °C

- * When the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10 °C or below, use the circulating fluid specified in "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature".
- 5) In locations where condensation may occur.
- 6) In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- 7) In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 8) In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.
 (In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 11) In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 12) In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 13) In locations at an altitude of 3000 m or higher (Except during storage and transportation)
 - * For altitudes of 1000 m or higher
 Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies
 of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at
 an altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum
 ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will
 lower according to the descriptions in the table below.
 Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.
 - Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
 - ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude [m]		① Upper limit of ambient temperature [°C]	② Cooling capacity coefficient				
	Less than 1000 m	45	1.00				
Less than 1500 m		42	0.85				
	Less than 2000 m	38	0.80				
	Less than 2500 m	35	0.75				
	Less than 3000 m	32	0.70				

- 14) In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- 15) In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 16) In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 17) In locations where liquid that exceeds the conditions required for the degrees of protection IPX4 may splash on the product.18) Insects or plants may enter the unit.
- 2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.
- 3. The product is not dust-proof.

If used in an environment with dust, it may accumulate inside the product and cause not only a malfunction but also a fire hazard.

⚠ Caution

For the product operation in UL compliant conditions, use the product in the environment shown below:

- Environment at an altitude of 2000 meters or less
- \bullet Environment at an ambient temperature of 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ or less
- Environment at a pollution degree of 2 or less
- Location where the ambient humidity is within the following range:
 During transportation or storage: 15 % to 85 % (No

During operation:

condensation) 30 % to 70 % (No condensation)





Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: https://www.smc.eu

Operation at Low Ambient Temperature or Low Circulating Fluid Temperature

⚠ Caution

1. Circulating fluid

In order to avoid freezing of the circulating fluid, use aqueous solution of ethylene glycol.

Ambient temperature [°C]	Recommended circulating fluids		
10 to 45	Tap water, ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt) %		
-5 to 10	Ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt) %		

Circulating fluid temperature[°C]	Recommended circulating fluids				
10 to 35	Tap water, ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt) %				
5 to 10	Ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt) %				

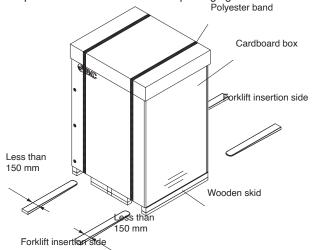
- 2. And following instructions must be executed. If following instructions are not executed, not only Thermo-chiller alarm will be generated, but also damage of the product can result.
 - Power has to be supplied to the Thermo-chiller all the time.
 - Turn on anti-freezing function all the time.
 - When the power supply to the Thermo-chiller is stopped for a long period of time, discharge all the circulating fluid in the Thermo-chiller and customer's device and piping. When the Thermo-chiller is refilled with the circulating fluid, supply the fluid at normal temperature.

Transportation/Carriage/Movement

\land Warning

 This product will require an acceptance with the product not unloaded from the truck, and the customer will need to unload the product by himself. Prepare a forklift.

The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.



<When packaged>

Titlion packageds					
Model	Weight [kg]	Dimensions [mm]			
HRS400-A□-46-□	410				
HRS400-A□-46-A	424	Height 1650 x Width 1060 x Depth 2020			
HRS400-A□-46-D	444	Height 1650 x Width 1060 x Depth 2020			
HRS400-A□-46-K	411				

Transportation/Carriage/Movement

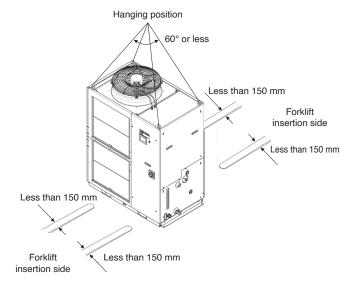
⚠ Warning

2. Transporting with forklift

- 1) A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2) The proper place to insert the tines of the forklift differs depending on the model of cooler. Check the insert position, and be sure to drive the fork in far enough for it to come out the other side.
- 3) Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

3. Hanging transportation

- 1) Crane manipulation and slinging work should be done by an eligible person.
- Do not grip the piping on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When hanging by the eye bolts, be sure to use a 4-point hanging method. For the hanging angle, use caution regarding the position of the centre of gravity and hold it within 60°.



(When using option A/With caster adjuster-foot and optional accessories/Caster adjuster-foot kit KS004)

4. Transporting with casters

- This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people.
- Do not grip the piping port on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When transporting using a forklift, be sure not to let it hit the casters or adjusters, and drive the fork all the way through until it comes out the other side.
- 4) Do not get across steps with casters.

∧ Caution

If this product is to be transported after delivery, please use the original packaging the product was delivered in. If other packaging is to be used, carefully package the product so as to prevent the product from incurring any damage during transport.



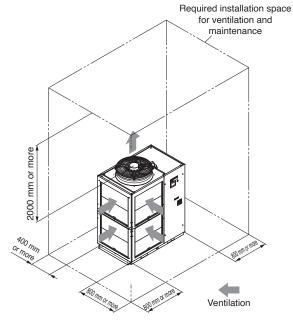


Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: https://www.smc.eu

Mounting/Installation

Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it. The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

- Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 2. Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.
- Refer to the operation manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.
- 1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45 °C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
- 2. For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.



3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

<Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

Heat	Required ventilation rate [m³/min]				
radiation amount [kW]	Differential temp. of 3 °C between inside and outside of installation area	Differential temp. of 6 °C between inside and outside of installation area			
Approx. 52	865	435			

When using the product at a low ambient temperature (10 °C or less), refer to "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature" (page 15).

Piping

⚠ Caution

 Regarding the circulating fluid piping, consider carefully the suitability for temperature and circulating fluid.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Also, the use of corrosive materials such as aluminium or iron for fluid contact parts, such as piping, may not only lead to clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit but also refrigerant leakage and other unexpected problems. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

- 2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow. For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 4. Supply water pressure to the automatic fluid fill port of this product should be 0.2 to 0.5 MPa.

This product has a built-in ball (float) tap. If you attach it to the faucet of a sink, etc. it will automatically supply water to the rated fluid level of the tank (halfway between HIGH and LOW.) If the water supply pressure is too high, the pipes may burst during use. Proceed with caution.

- Ensure that piping is connected to the overflow port so that the circulating fluid can be exhausted to the drainage pit when the fluid level in the tank increases.
- For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 7. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.





Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: https://www.smc.eu

Electrical Wiring

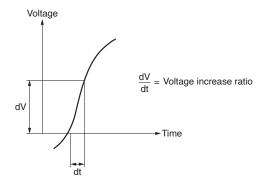
⚠ Warning

Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

∕!\ Caution

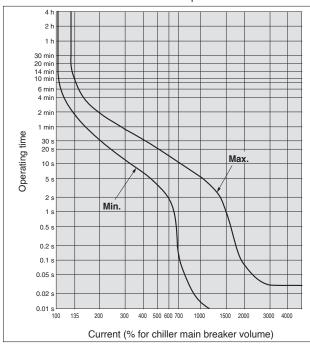
- 1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by customer.
- 2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.

If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 µsec., it may result in malfunction.



3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the customer's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the customer's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.



Electrical Wiring

⚠ Caution

- 4. For the product operation in the UL compliant conditions, the conditions shown below must be
 - Use power supply of overvoltage category 2*
 - For power supply cable, it is to be properly prepared by the customer in accordance with National Electrical Code and Canadian Electrical Code.
 - Bending radius of the power supply cable must be 38.1 mm or more.
 - * When using a power supply in the overvoltage category 3, take measures such as mounting an isolation transformer between the product and the power supply or keep the transient overvoltage of the power supply to 2200 V or less by using a varistor, etc.

Circulating Fluid

⚠ Caution

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign matter entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. When water is used as a circulating fluid, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

Tap Water (as a Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water

JH	JHA GL-02-1994 Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water					
					Influ	ence
		Item	Unit	Standard value	Corrosion	Scale generation
		pH (at 25 °C)	_	6.0 to 8.0	0	0
Ι,	_	Electric conductivity (25 °C)	[µS/cm]	100*1 to 300*1	0	0
3	standard Item	Chloride ion (CI ⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
3	<u> </u>	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
1 3	g	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
إِ ا	ĭar	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less		0
"	"	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
		Ionic state silica (SiO ₂)	[mg/L]	30 or less		0
	_	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	0
1	Te I	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
		Sulfide ion (S ₂ -)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
Reference		Ammonium ion (NH ₄ +)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
		Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
"	-	Free carbon (CO ₂)	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

- *1 In the case of [M Ω ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
 Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
- 3. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 4. Refer to "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature" (page 15) for the concentration of the ethylene glycol aqueous solu-
- 5. When deionised water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1 µS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 M Ω ·cm or lower).





Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: https://www.smc.eu

Operation

\land Warning

1. Confirmation before operation

 The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW."

When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.

2) Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level. Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the customer's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed. Pump can be operated independently.

2. Confirmation during operation

Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulate.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35 $^{\circ}$ C.

When the amount of heat generated from the customer's equipment is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

3. Emergency stop method

When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After the machine has stopped, make sure to turn off the breaker of the customer's equipment (on the upstream side).

Operation Restart Time/Operation and Suspension Frequency

⚠ Caution

- Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.
- 2. Operation and suspension frequency should not exceed 10 times per day. Frequently switching between operation and suspension may result in the malfunction of the refrigeration circuit.

Protection Circuit

⚠ Caution

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- \bullet Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of ± 10 %.
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the customer's equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is over 45 °C.
- Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

<Periodical inspection every one month> Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

<Periodical inspection every three months> Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. When using tap water or deionised water
 - Replacement of circulating fluid
 Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
- When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15 %.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

<Periodical inspection during the winter season>

1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid in advance.

2. Consult a professional.

This product has an "anti-freezing function", "warming-up function", and "anti-snow coverage function." Read the operation manual carefully, and if any additional anti-freezing function (e.g. tape heater) is needed, ask for it from the vendor.

■ Refrigerant with GWP reference

	Global Warming Potential (GWP)				
	Regulation (EU)	Fluorocarbon Emissions Control Act (Japan)			
Refrigerant	2024/573, AIM Act 40 CFR Part 84	GWP value labeled on products	GWP value to be used for reporting the calculated amount of leakage		
R134a	1,430	1,430	1,300		
R404A	3,922	3,920	3,940		
R407C	1,774	1,770	1,620		
R410A	2,088	2,090	1,920		
R448A	1,386	1,390	1,270		
R454C	146	145	146		

- * This product is hermetically sealed and contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (HFC). When this product is sold on the market in the EU after January 1, 2017, it needs to be compliant with the quota system of the F-Gas Regulation in the EU.
- * See specification table for refrigerant used in the product.

Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC) 1), and other safety regulations.

♠ Danger:

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious

injury.

Marning:

Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate

1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components.

ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components.

IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)

ISO 10218-1: Robots and robotic devices - Safety requirements for industrial robots - Part 1: Robots.

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalogue information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

- 3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/ equipment until safety is confirmed.
 - 1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
 - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
- 4. Our products cannot be used beyond their specifications. Our products are not developed, designed, and manufactured to be used under the following conditions or environments. Use under such conditions or environments is not covered.
 - 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
 - 2. Use for nuclear power, railways, aviation, space equipment, ships, vehicles, military application, equipment affecting human life, body, and property, fuel equipment, entertainment equipment, emergency shut-off circuits, press clutches, brake circuits, safety equipment, etc., and use for applications that do not conform to standard specifications such as catalogues and operation manuals.
 - 3. Use for interlock circuits, except for use with double interlock such as installing a mechanical protection function in case of failure. Please periodically inspect the product to confirm that the product is operating properly.

We develop, design, and manufacture our products to be used for automatic control equipment, and provide them for peaceful use in manufacturing industries.

Use in non-manufacturing industries is not covered.

Products we manufacture and sell cannot be used for the purpose of transactions or certification specified in the Measurement Act.

The new Measurement Act prohibits use of any unit other than SI units in Japan.

Limited warranty and **Disclaimer/Compliance** Requirements

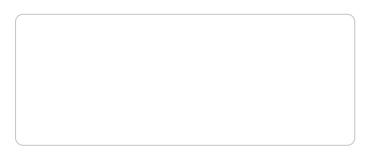
The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements". Read and accept them before using the product.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered, whichever is first. 2) Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalogue for the particular products.
- 2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty. A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited

Compliance Requirements

- 1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed



SMC Corporation (Europe)

Austria Belgium Bulgaria Croatia **Czech Republic** +420 541424611 Denmark Estonia Finland France Germany Greece Hungary Ireland Italy Latvia +371 67817700

+43 (0)2262622800 www.smc.at +32 (0)33551464 www.smc.be +359 (0)2807670 www.smc.bg +385 (0)13707288 www.smc.hr www.smc.cz +45 70252900 www.smcdk.com +372 651 0370 www.smcee.ee +358 207513513 www.smc.fi +33 (0)164761000 www.smc-france.fr +49 (0)61034020 www.smc.de +30 210 2717265 www.smchellas.gr +36 23513000 www.smc.hu +353 (0)14039000 www.smcautomation.ie +39 03990691 www.smcitalia.it www.smc.lv

office.at@smc.com info@smc.be sales.bg@smc.com sales.hr@smc.com office.at@smc.com office.at@smc.com info.e@smc.com smc.fi@smc.com smc.fi@smc.com smc.fi@smc.com info.de@smc.com sales@smchellas.gr office.hu@smc.com mailbox.it@smc.com info.lv@smc.com info.lv@smc.com info.lv@smc.com info.lv@smc.com info.lv@smc.com

Lithuania +370 5 2308118 Netherlands +31 (0)205318888 Norway +47 67129020 Poland +48 222119600 Portugal +351 214724500 Romania +40 213205111 Russia +7 (812)3036600 Slovakia +421 (0)413213212 Slovenia +386 (0)73885412 Spain +34 945184100 Sweden +46 (0)86031240 +41 (0)523963131 Switzerland +90 212 489 0 440 Turkey UK +44 (0)845 121 5122

South Africa +27 10 900 1233

www.smclt.lt
www.smc.nl
www.smc.norge.no
www.smc.eu
www.smc.eu
www.smc.eu
www.smc.sk
www.smc.si
www.smc.eu
www.smc.nu
www.smc.ch
www.smc.ch
www.smc.uk

info.lt@smc.com
info@smc.nl
post.no@smc.com
technical.ie@smc.com
apoiocliente.pt@smc.com
office.ro@smc.com
sales@smcru.com
sales.sk@smc.com
office.si@smc.com
order.se@smc.com
order.se@smc.com
helpcenter.ch@smc.com
satis@smcturkey.com.tr
sales.gb@smc.com

www.smcza.co.za Sales.za@smc.com