## DHZ-TF2Z2

ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

## Instruction Manual

## Auto switch (Reed switch type)

## Series D-C73-588 / D-C80-588

II 3 G Ex ec IIC T5 Gc $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Ta} \leq 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$II 3D Ex tc IIIC T93º Dc IP67

The intended use of the auto switch is to
of an actuator using magnetic detection.

## 1 Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of
potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards $\left(\right.$ ISO/IEC ${ }^{-1}{ }^{-1}$, and other safety regulations.

1) ISO 4414 . Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems. 11) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems.
ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power - General rules relating to systems. IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)
ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots -Safety. etc.

- Refer to product catalogue, Operation Manual and Handling
Precautions for SMC Products for additional information this manual in a safe place for futura re informatio

| A Caution | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if } \\ \text { not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | A Warning | Wot avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. |
| :--- |

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if
A Danger Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, it
not avoided, will result in death or serious iniury.

## A Warning

## - Always ensure compliance with relevant safety laws and

 Allwork must be carried out in a safe manner by a qualified person in - This product is class A equipment intended for use in an industrial environment. There may be potential difificulties in ensuring
electromagnetic compatibility in other environments due to conducted or radiated disturbances.

## A.1 ATEX Safety Instructions

## ATEX Marking Description

II 3 GGEx ec IIC T5 Gc $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Ta} \leq 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
II 3D Ex tc IIIC T93 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Dc IP67

| Eq | tc - Protected by enclo |
| :---: | :---: |
| Category 3 | IIIC - For all types of dust |
| Gas (G) and Dust (D) environment | T93 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ - Max. surface temp. |
| Ex - European standards apply | Gc/Dc - EPL |
| ec - Increased safety | Ta- ambient temperature |
| IIC - For all types of Gas | IP67 - Degree of protection |

ec - Increased safety
IIC - For all types of Gas
P67- Degree of protection

Based on the conformity assessment carried out by SMC Corporation.
Certificate Number:
SMC $20.0047 \times$
If the Certificate number includes an X , special conditions for safe use apply as follows :-

- Protect the product from sources of heat which can generate surfa temperatures greater than the temperature classification.
- Protect the product and cable against all impact or mechanical damage.
- Protect the product from direct sunlight or UV light using a suitable
protective cover. protective cover

| 2 Specifications |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | D-C73-588 | D-C8 | -588 |
| Wiring style | 2 wire type |  |  |
| Application | Relay, PLC | IC, Relay, PLC |  |
| Max. Load voltage | 24 V DC | 24 VAC $24 \mathrm{~V} D \mathrm{C}$ | 48 VAC 48 VDC |
| Load current | 5 to 40 mA | 50 mA | 40 mA |
| Max. internal volt drop | 2.4 V | N/A |  |
| Internal resistance | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 1 \Omega \text { or less } \\ \text { (incl. } 3 \mathrm{~m} \text { lead wire) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Contact protection circuit | None |  |  |
| Operation time | 1.2 ms |  |  |
| Operation lamp | Red light when ON |  |  |
| Proof impact | $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $500 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more at 500 VDC mega |  |  |
| Proof voltage | 1500 VAC for $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { minute (between case and } \\ & \text { lead wire) }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Ambient temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Protection structure | IP67 to IEC 60529, JISC 0920 |  |  |

## 3 Names of Individual parts



Note: There is no Indicator lamp in model " $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{C} 80-588$ "

## 4 Installation

### 4.1 Installation

- Do not install the product warning Deen read and understood.
4.2 Design and Selection

1) Confirm the specifications

Read the specifications carefully and use the product correctly. The product may be damaged or malfunction if it is used outside of the
2) Take precautions

When multiple auto switthiple actuators are used close together. magnetic field interferenth actuators are used in close proximity, Baintain a minimum actuator couse the swiches to malfunction. 3) Pay attention to actuator separation of 40 mm
3) Pay attention to the length of time that a switch is ON at an When an auto switch is placed at an intermediate position of the stroke and a load is driven at the time the piston passes, the auto switch will operate, but if the speed is too great the operating time will be short
and the load may not operate correctly. The maximum detectable piston speed is:
$\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})=\frac{\text { Auto switch operating range }(\mathrm{mm})}{\text { Load operating time }(\mathrm{ms})} \times 1000$

## 4 Installation (continued)

4) Keep wiring as short as possible

As the length of the wiring to a load gets longer, the inrush current at switch ON becomes greater, and this may shorten the product life (the switch will stay constantly ON).
Use a contact protection box when the wire length is 5 m or longer
5) Switches with an indicator light

- If auto switches are connected in series, take note that there will be a arge volt drop because of internal resistance in the LED's (refer to internal voltage drop in the auto switch specifications). [The voltage drop will be " $n$ " times larger when " $n$ " auto switches are connected].
operate. although the auto switch may operate now a specified voltage, operate. Therefore, the formula below should the satisfied after confirming the minimum operating voltage of the load.
Supply

voltage $\quad$| Internal volt drop |
| :--- |
| of switch |$\quad$ Minimum operating

2) If the internal resistance of a light emitting diode causes a problem, ) If the internal resistance of a light emitting diode causes a prob
3) Do not use a load that generates surge voltage.
driving a load such as a relay that generates a surge voltage, use a contact protection box
4) Caution for use in an interlock circuit

When an auto switch is used for an interlock signal requiring high reliability, devise a double interlock system by providing a mechanical protection function
the auto switch.
Perform periodic maintenance and confirm proper operation
8) Ensure sufficient clearance for maintenance activitie

When designing an application, be sure to allow sufficient clearance
for maintenance and inspections.
4.3 Mounting and Adjustment

1) Do not drop or bump the product
( $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ or more) while handling. Although the body of the switch may not appear damaged, 2) the inside of the switch could be damaged and cause a malfunction. 2) Do not carry an actuator by the auto switch lead wires. This may not only cause broken lead wires, but it may cause internal 3) Mount switches using the correct tightening torque.

For CDJ2 series the tightening torque of the mounting screw must be 0.8 to 1.0 Nm . For CDM2 and CDG1 series the tightening torque of the mounting screw must be 0.6 to 0.7 Nm .
If a switch is tightened beyond the tightening torque range, the
mounting screw, mounting bracket or switch may be damaged. On the other hand, tightening below the tightening torque range allow the switch to slip out of position.
4) Mount a switch at the centre of the operating range.

解 the position so that the piston stops at range in which the switch is ON).
he mounting position shown in the catalogue indicates the optimum position at the end of stroke. If mounted at the end of the operating range (around the borderline of ON and OFF) operation may be 5) Thstable
5) The auto switch ON and OFF position operates with a hysteresis. If the hysteresis causes a problem, please consult with SMC.


4 Installation (continued)
4.4 Mounting using a mounting bracket
uator has a specified mounting bracket type.
Mounting depends on the actuator type and tube I.D. Please refer to the actuator catalogue.
When an auto switch is mounted for the first time, ensure that the actuator is the type with a magnet built-in, and prepare a mounting bracket he actuator.


1) For series CDJ2 / Put a mounting bracket on the cylinder tube For series CDM2 / Put a mounting band on the cylinder tube and set It at the auto switch mounting position.
2) Put the mounting part of the auto switch in the interval of the mounting bracket and align the mounting hole to the mounting bracket hole. lighty the auto switch mounting screw through the mounting Alter into the threaded part of the band fiting. the mounting screw to secure the auto switch. The tightening torque of M 3 screw should be about 0.8 to 1.0 Nm (for
Moditication of the detection position should be

### 4.5 Wiring

1) Avoid repeatedly bending or stressing lead wires.

Broken lead wires can result from wiring layouts which repeatedly apply bending stress or stretching force to the lead wires
2) Be sure to connect the load before power is applied.

If the power is turned ON when an auto switch is not connected to a
load, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current.
Confirm proper insulation of wiring.
circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.) Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch
4) Do not route wiring with power lines or high voltage lines. Avoid parallel wiring or wiring in the same conduit with these lines.
5) Do not allow short circuit of loads.

If power is turned ON with a load in a short circuit condition, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current flow.
6) Avoid incorrect wiring

DC switch with indicator light has polarity. The brown [red] lead wire is ( + ), and the blue [black] lead wire is ( - ) 1 )
If connections are reversed, a switch will operate, however, the LED will not light up. Also note that a current greater than that specified will damage the LED and it will no longer operate. Applicable models: D C73-588.

### 4.6 Circuit diagram

## D-C73-588

D-C80-588


## D\#ZZ-TF2Z210EN

Instaliation (continued)
4.7 Environment

- $A$ Warning
- Do not use in an environment where oil, corrosive gases, chemicals, salt water or steam are present.
the product specifications.
- Do not mount in a location exposed to radiant heat that would result in temperatures in excess of the product specification
- Do not use in an area where a magnetic field is generated

Auto switches can malfunction or magnets inside actuators can

- Do not use in an environment where the auto switch will be continually
exposed to water.
- Do not use in an environment with temperature cycles.
- Avoid accumulation of iron waste or close contact with magnetic substances. A large amount of accumulated iron waste such as


## 5 Maintenance

5.1 General Maintenance

- Not following proper maintenance procedures could cause the produc to malfunction and lead to equipment damage.
- If handled improperly, compressed air can be dangerous.
- Maintenance of pneumatic systems should be performed only by qualified personnel.
 to cut off the supply pressure. Confirm that the air is released to
- After installation and maintenance, apply operating pressure and power to the equipment and perform appropriate functional and
It any electrical connections are disturbed during maintenance
they are reconnected correctly and safety checks are carried out as
required to ensure continued compliance with applicable national regulations.
- Do not make any modification to the product
- Do not disassemble the product, unless required by installation or maintenance instructions.
- Perform the following maintenance periodically in order to prevent possible danger due to unexpected auto switch malfunction.
) Securely tighten switch mounting screws. If screws become loose dislocated, re-tighten them after readjusting 2) Confirm that there
insulation, replace switches or repair lead wires, etc., if damage is discovered.


## 6 How to Order

Refer to the operation manual on the SMC website (URL: http/ www.smeworld.com ) for How to order information.

## 7 Outiline dimensions

Refer to the operation manual on the SMC website (URL: http/ Refer to the operation manual on the

## BLimitaions of Use

8.1 Limited warranty and Disclaimer/Compliance Requirement
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## 9 Product disposal

This product should not be disposed of as municipal waste. Check your local regulations and guidelines to dispose of this product correctly, in order to reduce the impact on human health and the environment

## 10 Troubleshooting

When detection failure occurs check the switch according to the chart

(A) $=$ Auto switch failure
(B) = Replace the actuator. Detectable magnetic field inadequate (or no magnet).
(C) $=$ Correct the wiring, replace the load or replace the auto switch after correcting the wiring
(D) $=$ After checking the operating environment, replace the auto switch
(E) = Replace the auto switch after correcting the wiring.

## 11 Contacts

Refer to www.smoworld.com or www.smc.eu for your local

## SMC Corporation

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